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TO RUEHC/SECSTATE WASHDC 6461
INFO RUEHZL/EUROPEAN POLITICAL COLLECTIVE

UNCLAS SECTION 01 OF 03 ZAGREB 000911

SIPDIS

ZFR IMI ZFR CABLE WILL BE RESENT UNDER NEW MRN

ZFR ALL THREE SECTIONS IMI ZFR ZFR

SIPDIS

SENSITIVE

E.O. 12958: N/A

TAGS: <u>SENV</u> <u>KHIV</u> <u>PHUM</u> <u>PGOV</u> <u>HR</u>

SUBJECT: CROATIA SEEKS FUNDING TO CONTINUE AIDS-

RELATED ACTIVITIES

ZAGREB 00000911 001.4 OF 003

ZAGREB 00000911 002.2 OF 003

referred to Dr. Begovac in Zagreb for further testing, treatment and medicine. Dr. Begovac keeps a record of all HIV/AIDS cases to be reported to the National Health Insurance, which pays for treatment and medicine. Patients travel up to four times a year for exams and prescriptions. Seventeen of 20 existing drugs are available in Croatia. Health officials said this is adequate. The centralized treatment center helps HIV patients maintain their privacy, Dr. Begovac said, because they don't have to visit neighborhood clinics regularly.

## Changing attitudes

- 18. Begovac said it's not as easy for AIDS patients to find dentists and doctors to treat them for other ailments because of lingering fear among medical practitioners. Begovac said he is working within the University Hospital and medical community to educate physicians, nurses and dentists about HIV/AIDS. He said the problem remains with older medical professionals and expects it to lessen with time.
- 19. Croatia's attitude has somewhat improved since 2002 when the public and press scandalized Ela and Ina, two girls who were nearly barred from attending public primary school when it became known they were HIV positive. Health officials attribute the positive change to the numerous education and prevention programs run by five NGOs and backing from the Ministry of Public Health. They said testing and treatment is not enough without community outreach. Since a team of medical experts went to Kutina to explain that Ela's and Ina's classmates wouldn't be in danger of contracting the disease through casual contact, they and a handful of other HIV infected children have been able to attend public schools.
- 110. Educational programs were introduced into middle and high schools nationwide, targeting the age group

most likely to become sexually active. School officials resisted at first, mainly due to the influence of the Roman Catholic Church, HUHIV's spokesman said, but now 70 percent allow NGOs to provide HIV/AIDS education programs and materials. The most resistant areas tend to be in Dalmatia where the population is most conservative, HUHIV reports. But even some of those schools have signed on to the Church's own HIV/AIDS education program.

Anti-discrimination legislation

- 111. The UN Theme Group on HIV/AIDS analyzed Croatia's legislation regarding AIDS and antidiscrimination and published a report in June. The analysts said Croatia essentially follows international recommendations regarding testing and privacy but needs to strengthen its regulations in those areas as well as in protecting people with HIV/AIDS and their families from discrimination.
- 112. Although testing is voluntary by law, there are exceptions. Testing is mandatory for blood, organ and tissue donors. It's also mandatory for those seeking positions as crew on aircraft and ships and military and civilian bodyguards. The report also notes that there is discrimination in the workplace in hiring, promoting and treatment of employees who are discovered to have HIV/AIDS.

Working with the Media

113. Jovovic said the HIV/AIDS community is making efforts to work with rather than battle the media. People discovered with HIV/AIDS are still big news, but Jovovic said she and her colleagues respond quickly to media inquiries, when appropriate, with factual information. Jovovic said the UN Theme Group has assembled a group of journalists and lawyers to review media coverage of HIV/AIDS in Croatia, with a report to be released in September. They also are

ZAGREB 00000911 003.2 OF 003

sponsoring a journalism competition with an award for the most responsible coverage of  ${\tt HIV/AIDS}$  to be announced in December.

More success stories

- 114. HIV/AIDS workers point to the AIDS tram, painted on the outside with contact information for testing and counseling, as one of their most successful innovations. The tram has been running for a year in Zagreb. HUHIV also publishes a quarterly information bulletin, with a circulation of 10,000 nationwide, including hospitals, clinics and testing centers. The NGOs also organize the annual World AIDS Day on December 1.
- 115. Dr. Skoko-Poljak noted the inroads made into the communities of sex workers and intravenous drug users. She said many are voluntarily going for testing, accepting condoms and participating in needle exchange programs through outreach workers at churches, local governments, NGOs, and police. She said they are also offering tests in prisons.

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